

Volumeter TRZ 03-K

ΜΕΤΡΗΤΗΣ ΠΑΡΟΧΗΣ ΤΟΥΡΜΠΙΝΑΣ



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Reliability in gas supply - single-sourced across the board



Method of operation

The TRZ 03-K Volumeter is a flow meter suitable for secondary metering, where the rate of flow is indicated by a mechanical totalizer in units of volume (cubic meters at flowing conditions) under prevailing pressure and temperature.

The gas flow is constricted to a definite cross section and drives a coaxially mounted turbine wheel. The speed of the turbine wheel, which is proportional to the flow rate, is reduced by gearing and transmitted to the mechanical digital index.

Construction

The meter case comprises the measuring element with the turbine wheel. A flow straightener located upstream of the measuring element substantially eliminates turbulences and swirl from the gas flow and directs the gas onto the turbine blades.

The rotary motion generated by the turbine wheel is transmitted by a magnetic coupling from the pressurized meter case to the unpressurized meter head.

The number of rotations is reduced by gearing in the meter head, which can be adjusted by selecting an

appropriate pair of adjusting gears, so that cubic meters at flowing conditions are indicated by the mechanical totalizer. A reed contact (or an inductive sensor) located on the mechanical totalizer provides low-frequency pulses whose number is proportional to the volume at actual conditions flowed through.

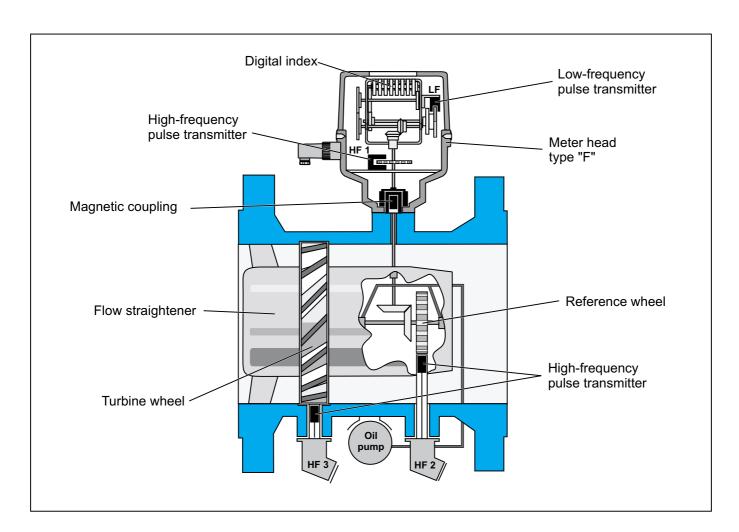
In the case of larger nominal sizes and a higher pressure rating, the TRZ 03-K can be fitted with inductive high-frequency sensors scanning the turbine wheel (HF 3) and the reference wheel (HF 2). The reference wheel is a cam wheel located on the same shaft as the turbine wheel which enables the turbine wheel to be monitored.

Approval

The gas meters substantially comply with PTB and EC/EEC regulations (G120 3B of the EC dated September 6, 1971).

The TRZ 03-K Volumeter has been approved by DVGW under the approval mark G96e064.

The TRZ 03-K Volumeter meets the OIML guideline IR-32/89, Annex A.







Features

LF pulse transmitter (in the meter head)

Standard: reed contact

Alternatively: inductive pulse transmitter

Option: up to 3 LF pulse transmitters possible

HF pulse transmitter (option)

 In the meter head: Inductive pulse transmitter (HF 1), pulse frequency at Q_{max} approx. 100 Hz.

• In the meter case:

Inductive pulse transmitter for scanning

- the blades of the turbine wheel (HF 3, from DN 80)
- the cams of the reference wheel (HF 2, from DN 100)

All inductive pulse transmitters provide volume pulses in compliance with NAMUR.

Meter head (type "F")

- Protection class: IP 65
- Universally readable
- Totalizer unit and HF1 pulse transmitter are easily replaceable on site.

Measuring range: up to 1:16

Long service life

Nominal sizes: DN 50 through DN 600

Special designs with larger nominal sizes up to DN 1000 are possible.

Pressure rating: PN 10 through PN 100, ANSI 150 through ANSI 600

Special designs with a higher pressure rating are possible.

Operating temperature range

Standard design: -10°C to +50°C

Special designs for higher and/or lower temperatures are possible.

Explosion protection

The pulse transmitters are intrinsically safe; their type of protection is EEx ib IIC T6. Therefore, the TRZ 03-K can be operated in Zone 1.

p_r connection (option)

To connect the pressure transmitter of a PTZ corrector.

Manufacturer's test certificate

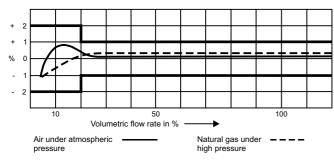
In compliance with EN 10204/2.3, for strength and leak testing.

Accuracy

Error limits:

±2% for Q_{min} to 0.2 Q_{max} ±1% for 0.2 Q_{max} to Q_{max}

These limits apply in the event of a steady, swirl-free flow.



Reproducibility: ±0.1%

All gas meters are tested in the factory with air under atmospheric pressure.

Meter case material

	PN					ANSI			
DN	10	16	25	40	64	100	150	300	600
50									
80									
100									
150									
200									
250									
300									
400									
500									
600									
Steel Spheroidal cast iron Steel Steel, welded									





Pressure loss

The pressure loss Δp stated in the table applies to natural gas at Q_{max} and 1 bar. From this, the pressure loss at actual conditions can be calculated using the following formula:

$$\Delta p_{A} = \Delta p \cdot \frac{\rho_{N}}{0.83} \cdot p_{A} \cdot \left(\frac{Q_{A}}{Q_{max}}\right)^{2}$$

 Δp_A = Pressure loss at actual conditions (p_A, Q_A) in mbar

Δp = Pressure loss at Q_{max} with natural gas at 1 bar in mbar (see table)

 ho_N = Standard density of the gas in kg/m³ ho_A = Operating pressure in bar (absolute) ho_A = Flow rate at actual conditions in m³/h ho_{max} = Maximum flow rate in m³/h (see table)

Example

Air, ρ_N =1.29 kg/m³, nominal meter size DN 100, meas. range 25-400 m³/h, ρ_A =1.1 bar(a), ρ_A =250 m³/h.

Take from the table: $\Delta p=4$ mbar Hence:

$$\Delta p_A = 4 \cdot \frac{1.29}{0.83} \cdot 1.1 \cdot \left(\frac{250}{400}\right)^2 \text{mbar} = 2.7 \text{ mbar}$$

Nominal size DN		Meas. range Q _{min} -Q _{max}	V _{LF} *	∆р	HF pulse trans mitter (option	
mm	in.	m³/h	m³	mbar	HF2	HF3
50	2"	6-100	0.1	5	-	-
	3"	10-160	1	2		
80		16-250	1	6	-	•
		25-400	1	14		
100	4"	25-400	1	4	_	
100		40-650	1	10	_	
	6"	40-650	1	2		
150		65-1000	1	6	-	•
		100-1600	10	12		
200	8"	100-1600	10	3	_	•
200		160-2500	10	8		_
250	10"	160-2500	10	3		
230		250-4000	10	7	0	
300	12"	250-4000	10	4		
300		400-6500	10	9	-	
400	16"	400-6500	10	3	_	_
400		650-10000	10	8	•	•
500	20"	650-10000	10	4	_	
500	20"	1000-16000	100	9	0	
600	24"	1000-16000	100	4	_	
600	24	1600-25000	100	9	0	•

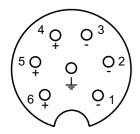
*V_{LF}: Volume at actual conditions per LF pulse

- not available
- o not available for all pressure classes
- available for all pressure classes

Pulse outputs

The meter head is fitted with a reed contact as LF pulse transmitter as standard feature. But optionally, another two sensors can be fitted, e.g. another LF pulse transmitter (inductive sensor with output pulses complying with NAMUR or reed contact) and an HF1 pulse transmitter (NAMUR).

Connection is made by means of a 7-pin Binder plug:

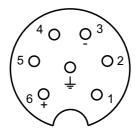


- 1, 4: LF (reed contact)
- 2, 5: LF or HF1 signal
- 3, 6: HF1 (NAMUR)

If only one LF pulse transmitter is fitted, it is always connected to the contacts 1 and 4; a single HF1 pulse transmitter is always connected to the contacts 3 and 6.

If high-frequency pulse transmitters (with output pulses complying with NAMUR) are fitted which scan either

the turbine wheel (HF3) or the reference wheel (HF2), each of them is connected separately using a Binder plug at the front of the device:



3, 6: HF2 or HF3 signal

The contacts 1, 2, 4 and 5 are not assigned.

All pulse transmitters are intrinsically safe and may be connected only to certified intrinsically safe circuits for use in areas subject to explosion hazards.

Maximum pulse transmitter frequencies:

LF: 0.3 Hz HF1: 300 Hz HF2: 2.1 kHz HF3: 2.1 kHz

The phase displacement between the signals from the HF2 and HF3 pulse transmitters is 180°.





Types of gas

The TRZ 03-K standard design is suitable for use with all gases in compliance with the DVGW code of practice G260. The materials used are appropriate for gases and fuel gases, such as natural gas, refinery gas, gaseous liquids and their mixtures, nitrogen, CO₂ (dry), air and all inert gases.

For aggressive gases (e.g. biogas, acid gas or ethylene), there are special designs available with PTFE lining, special material, special lubrication, etc.

Maintenance

All Volumeters are fitted with a lubricator (DN 50 through DN 150: oil nipple or pushbutton pump; DN 200: pushbutton pump; DN 250: pushbutton or lever pump; from DN 300: lever pump).

Lubrication must be performed in compliance with the operating instructions (see also the lubrication instruction plate of the gas meter). If clean gas is used, lubrication is to be performed at 3-month intervals, whereas lubrication must be performed more frequently if dust- and/or condensate-laden gas is used.

Mounting and operating instructions

The TRZ 03-K Volumeters can be operated in any mounting position up to the nominal size of DN 200. From the nominal size of DN 250, they can only be installed in a horizontal position.

Special instructions for startup and operation:

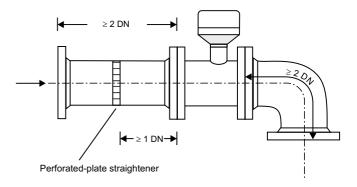
Turbine meters are precise measuring instruments and must therefore be carefully handled during transport, storage and operation.

Do not fill any downstream pipelines or station sections via the Volumeter. This may result in excessive flow rates with resultant damage to the turbine wheel.

The gas meter has been designed for short-term overload operation at up to 1.2 times the value of Q_{max} . Such load conditions should be avoided, however, in order to protect the TRZ 03-K from any unnecessarily high flow rates.

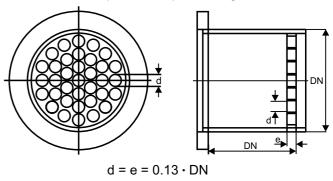
The gas flow must be free of shocks or pulsations, foreign particles, dust or liquids. Otherwise it is recommended that filters and separators be installed.

No components affecting the gas flow are permitted directly upstream of the Volumeter (see DVGW guidelines and PTB guideline G 13).



In each case, a 2 DN inlet pipe and a 2 DN outlet pipe are required, while also a bend may be used as outlet pipe. If flow perturbation (e.g. due to a gas pressure controller) occurs upstream of the inlet pipe, it is additionally necessary to use a perforated-plate straightener. There are perforated-plate straighteners available complying with ISO 5167-1 or of the type RMG LP-35, the latter resulting in a pressure loss which is 2.5 times lower than that of the standardized flow straightener.

LP-35 perforated-plate straightener



Reducers or expansion fittings must be installed upstream of the inlet pipe, and their opening angle must not exceed 30°.

The gas meter must be installed in weather-proof locations. For outside installations, appropriate guards must be provided against direct weathering influences.

Order information

- Nominal size of the pipeline
- Volumetric flow rate in Nm³/h or m³/h (min/max)
- Operating pressure (min/max) in bar g or bar a
- Operating temperature (min/max)
- Ambient temperature (min/max)
- Type of gas to be used
- Pressure rating and DIN or ANSI flange design
- Direction of flow / mounting position
- Accessories: inlet pipe, volume corrector, etc.
- Options: HF pulse outputs, etc.
- Special designs, e.g. for aggressive gases





Volumeter TRZ 03-K

Measuring ranges - Dimensions

Nominal size DN		Measuring range Q _{min} -Q _{max}	Pressure rating	L	H Weight		Case design	
mm	inches	m³/h		mm	mm	app. kg		
50	2"	6-100	PN 10, 16, 25, 40, ANSI 150, 300	150	212	10	Flanged	
80	3"	10-160 16-250 25-400	PN 10, 16, 25, 40, ANSI 150	120	245	14		
100	4"	25-400 40-650	PN 10, 16, 25, 40, ANSI 150	150	255	25		
150	6"	40-650 65-1000 100-1600	PN 10, 16, 25, 40, ANSI 150	175	285	40		
200	8"	100-1600 160-2500	PN 10, 16, 25, 40, ANSI 150	200	305	60		
250	10"	160-2500 250-4000	PN 10, 16, 25, ANSI 150	300	300	70		
300	12"	250-4000	PN 10, 16, 25, ANSI 150	300	365	100	·	
300	12	400-6500	PN 40, 64, 100, ANSI 300, 600	450	415	200		
400	16"	400-6500	PN 10, 16, 25, ANSI 150	400	390	180		
400	10	650-10000	PN 40, 64, 100, ANSI 300, 600	600	450	400		
500	20"	650-10000	PN 10, 16, 25, ANSI 150	400	445	300		
300	20	1000-16000	PN 40, 64, 100, ANSI 300, 600	750	515	650		
600	24"	1000-16000	PN 10, 16, 25, ANSI 150	600	465	400		
000	24	1600-25000	PN 40, 64, 100, ANSI 300, 600	900	580	850		
50	2"	6-100	PN 64, 100, ANSI 600	80	212	15	Single-flanged	
80	3"	10-160 16-250 25-400	PN 64, 100, ANSI 300, 600	120	245	35		
100	4"	25-400 40-650	PN 64, 100, ANSI 300, 600	150	255	50	Н	
150	6"	40-650 65-1000 100-1600	PN 64, 100, ANSI 300, 600	175	285	100		
200	8"	100-1600 160-2500	PN 64, 100, ANSI 300, 600	200	305	130	<u> </u>	
250	10"	160-2500 250-4000	PN 40, 64, 100, ANSI 300, 600	250	300	200		

DN 700 to 1000 on request

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